

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE  
NINTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, IN  
AND FOR ORANGE COUNTY,  
FLORIDA

RICHARD PICKEREL,

Petitioner,

v.

STATE OF FLORIDA, DEPARTMENT  
OF HIGHWAY SAFETY & MOTOR  
VEHICLES, DIVISION OF DRIVER  
LICENSES,

Respondent.

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CASE NO.: 2010-CA-14991-O

Writ No.: 10-49

Petition for Writ of Certiorari  
from the Florida Department of  
Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles,  
Linda Labbe, Hearing Officer.

Stuart I. Hyman, Esquire,  
for Petitioner.

Richard M. Coln, Assistant General Counsel,  
for Respondent.

BEFORE LATIMORE, GRINCEWICZ, TURNER, JJ.

PER CURIAM.

**FINAL ORDER DENYING PETITION FOR WRIT OF CERTIORARI**

Petitioner, Richard Pickerel (“Pickerel” or “Petitioner”) seeks certiorari review of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles’ (“Department” or “Respondent”) final order sustaining the suspension of his driver’s license for driving with an unlawful breath alcohol level. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to section 322.2615(13), Florida Statutes and Florida Rule of Appellate Procedure 9.030(c)(3).

### Facts and Procedural History

On March 27, 2010, Pickerel was arrested for driving under the influence. Pickerel provided breath test results of 0.206 and 0.207 and his license was suspended. He requested a formal review hearing pursuant to section 322.2615, Florida Statutes, and a hearing was held on May 6, 2010 and June 3, 2010.

At the hearing, Pickerel attempted to introduce documents related to the 2002 approval study of the Intoxilyzer 8000; transcripts of the testimony of FDLE Inspector Roger Skipper from a formal review hearing in other cases in 2006; a letter dated in 2006 from FDLE Custodian of Records Laura Barfield about Intoxilyzer software version 8100.26; numerous breath test results obtained from various Intoxilyzer 8000 machines using software 8100.26 and 8100.27 with testing dates from 2006 and 2007; and subpoenas for Roger Skipper, Laura Barfield, and FDLE Custodian of Records Jennifer Keegan that the hearing officer did not issue. On June 7, 2010, the hearing officer entered a written order sustaining Petitioner's license suspension.

### Standard of Review

“The duty of the circuit court on a certiorari review of an administrative agency is limited to three components: Whether procedural due process was followed, whether there was a departure from the essential requirements of law, and whether the administrative findings and judgment were supported by competent substantial evidence.” *Dep't of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles v. Satter*, 643 So. 2d 692, 695 (Fla. 5th DCA 1994).

In a formal review of an administrative suspension, the burden of proof is on the State, through the Department. Where the driver license was suspended for driving with an unlawful

blood alcohol level, the hearing officer must find that the following elements have been established by a preponderance of the evidence:

1. Whether the arresting law enforcement officer had probable cause to believe that the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle in this state while under the influence of alcoholic beverages or controlled substances.
2. Whether the person whose license was suspended had an unlawful blood-alcohol level or breath-alcohol level of 0.08 or higher as provided in § 316.193.

§ 322.2615(7)(a), Fla. Stat. (2010).

### Analysis

In the Petition for Writ of Certiorari, Pickerel argues that: 1) the hearing officer deprived him of due process of law when his license suspension was not set aside due to the failure of the hearing officer to issue subpoenas for Roger Skipper, Jennifer Keegan and Laura Barfield; 2) the breath test results were not properly approved because they were obtained by use of an unapproved breath testing machine and provided scientifically unreliable results; 3) the breath test results were inadmissible due to the failure of the record to contain the most recent Department inspection; and 4) the Intoxilyzer 8000 was improperly evaluated for approval. This Court denied the Petitions raising these same arguments in *Klinker v. Dep't of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles*, 2010-CA-19788, Writ 10-70 (Fla. 9th Cir. Ct. Sept. 10, 2012) and *Morrow v. Dep't of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles*, 19 Fla. L. Weekly Supp. 704a (Fla. 9th Cir. Ct. Feb. 27, 2012).

#### I. Failure to Issue Subpoenas

As in *Klinker* and *Morrow*, Pickerel attempted to introduce documents concerning Intoxilyzer 8000 machines not used to administer his test and documents from tests administered

in 2006 and 2007. Pickerel argues that Roger Skipper, Jennifer Keegan and Laura Barfield who were named in the documents he attempted to introduce at the hearing were necessary to establish that the breath test machine upon which he was tested was not approved pursuant to FDLE Rules and the breath test machine was not working in a scientifically reliable manner.

Pickerel's breath test was administered on March 27, 2010. Therefore, the documents he attempted to introduce are not relevant to the issue in this case, whether the machine used to test his breath alcohol level on March 27, 2010 was an approved scientifically reliable machine. Pickerel is not entitled to present evidence that is not relevant to the issue before the hearing officer. *Lee v. Dep't of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles*, 4 So. 3d 754, 757 (a driver has the right to present evidence *relevant* to the issues when seeking review of a license suspension pursuant to section 322.2615 (emphasis added)).

II. Breath Test Results Were Not Properly Approved  
IV. Intoxilyzer 8000 Was Improperly Evaluated For Approval

The Department entered into the record the breath alcohol test affidavit indicating a breath alcohol level greater than 0.08 which is presumptive proof of the results. § 316.1934(5), Fla. Stat. (2010). Pursuant to Rule 11D-8.003(2), the Intoxilyzer 8000 is an approved instrument if it is used with software evaluated by FDLE in accordance with Instrument Evaluation Procedure FDLE/ATP Form 34. *Dep't of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles v. Berne*, 49 So. 3d 779, 784 (Fla. 5th DCA 2010). Pickerel did not present any evidence that software version 8100.27 was not evaluated by FDLE in accordance with FDLE/ATP Form 34. In addition, only an evaluation of the software is required, not approval. *Id.* at 780. Therefore, Pickerel failed to overcome the presumptive proof of impairment. *See Gurry v. Dept. of Highway Safety*, 902 So.2d 881, 884 (Fla. 5th DCA 2005); *Dep't of Highway Safety & Motor Vehicles v. Mowry*, 794 So. 2d 657, 659 (Fla. 5th DCA 2001).

III. Record Failed To Contain The Most Recent Department Inspection

Rule 11D-8.004(2) requires annual inspection of the breath test instruments. Rule 11D-8.006(1) requires inspection of the breath test instruments once each calendar month. Section 316.1934(5) states that the breath test affidavit is admissible without further authentication and is presumptive proof of the results of an authorized test to determine alcohol content of the breath if the affidavit discloses: “..... (e) If the test was administered by means of a breath testing instrument, the date of performance of the most recent required maintenance on such instrument.” The “most recent required maintenance” can be either the monthly or annual inspection, whichever is most recent. *State v. Buttolph*, 969 So. 2d 1209 (Fla. 4th DCA 2007).

Pickerel’s breath test was conducted on March 27, 2010. The record contains an Agency Inspection Report with a date of inspection of March 18, 2010 certifying that the instrument complies with Chapter 11D-8 of the Florida Administrative Code. Pickerel did not present any evidence to demonstrate that the March 18, 2010 inspection was not the most recent inspection prior to the date of Pickerel’s breath test. Therefore, the hearing officer properly admitted the breath test results.

Based on the foregoing, there was competent substantial evidence to support the hearing officer’s findings and Petitioner was not deprived of due process.

Accordingly, it is hereby **ORDERED AND ADJUDGED** that The Petition for Writ of Certiorari is **DENIED**.

**DONE AND ORDERED** in Chambers at Orlando, Orange County, Florida, this 8th day of October, 2012.

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/S/  
**ALICIA L. LATIMORE**  
**Circuit Judge**

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/S/  
**DONALD E. GRINCEWICZ**  
**Circuit Judge**

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/S/  
**THOMAS W. TURNER**  
**Circuit Judge**

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

**I HEREBY CERTIFY** that a true and correct copy of the foregoing has been furnished to: **Stuart I. Hyman, Esq.**, Stuart I. Hyman, P.A., 1520 East Amelia St., Orlando, Florida 32803 and to **Richard M. Coln, Assistant General Counsel**, Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, P.O. Box 570066, Orlando, Florida 32857 on this 8th day of October, 2012.

/S/ \_\_\_\_\_  
Judicial Assistant